

# Thermodynamics of the brane in Chern-Simons matter theories with flavor

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Holograv 2013

March 2013, Helsinki

Based on work with N. Jokela, J. Mas & A. V. Ramallo  
1211.6045 & work in progress

# Summary

Review of the ABJM model

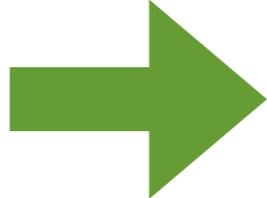
Addition of backreacted massless flavor

Flavored ABJM Black Hole

Brane Thermodynamics

# ABJM Chern-Simons-matter theories

0806.1218

- describes the dynamics of multiple M2-branes at a  $\mathbb{C}^4/\mathbb{Z}_k$  singularity
- Chern-Simons matter theory in 2+1 dim with gauge group  $U(N)_k \times U(N)_{-k}$
- **Field content (bosonic)**: 2 gauge fields & 2 pairs of chiral superfields, transforming in the  $(N, \bar{N})$  bifundamental representations
- $\mathcal{N} = 6$  SUSY &  $\lambda \sim \frac{N}{k}$   rank of the gauge group  
CS level
- When  $N$  &  $k$  are large  $\xRightarrow{\text{type IIA}}$   $AdS_4 \times \mathbb{CP}^3$  + fluxes with **24** SUSYs

$$ds^2 = L^2 ds_{AdS_4}^2 + 4 L^2 ds_{\mathbb{CP}^3}^2$$

$$L^4 = 2\pi^2 \frac{N}{k}$$

# Flavor in Chern-Simons-matter systems in 2+1

Hohenegger & Kirch 0903.1730

Massless quarks  $\Rightarrow$  D6-branes extending in  $AdS_4$  & wrapping  $\mathbb{RP}^3 \subset \mathbb{CP}^3$

Introduce quarks in the  $(N, 1)$  and  $(1, N)$  representation

$$Q_1 \rightarrow (N, 1) \quad Q_2 \rightarrow (1, N) \quad \tilde{Q}_1 \rightarrow (\bar{N}, 1) \quad \tilde{Q}_2 \rightarrow (1, \bar{N})$$

coupling to vector multiplet & bifundamentals

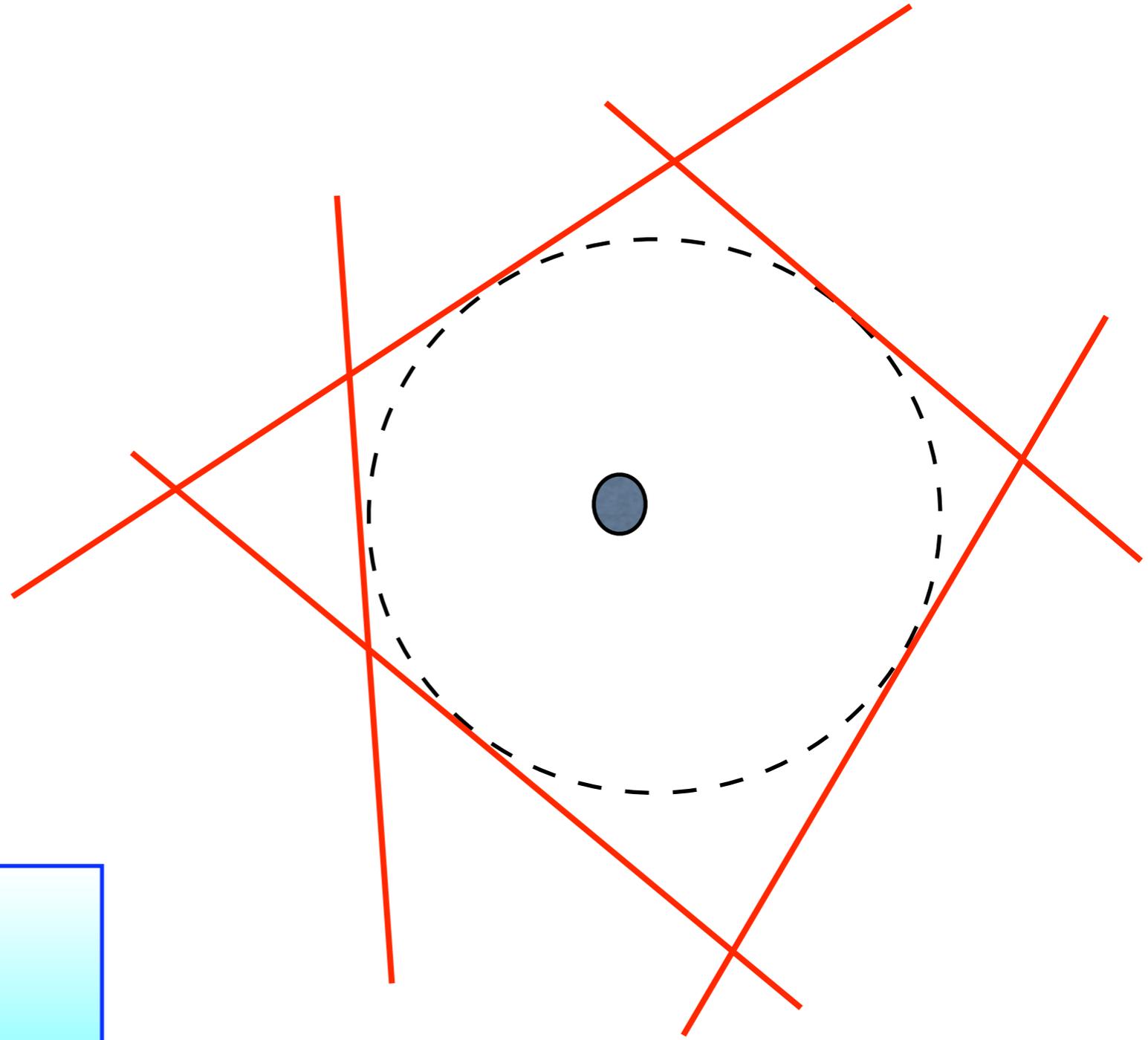
## Introducing backreaction

$$S_{WZ} = T_{D6} \sum_{i=1}^{N_f} \int_{\mathcal{M}_7^{(i)}} \hat{C}_7 \rightarrow T_{D6} \int_{\mathcal{M}_{10}} C_7 \wedge \Omega \quad \rightarrow \quad \boxed{dF_2 = 2\pi \Omega} \quad U(N_f)$$

Localized & coincident massless flavors  $\Rightarrow AdS_4 \times \mathcal{M}_7$

Conformality with flavor  $\nearrow$

## Smeared mass(less) sources



- no delta-function sources
- still can preserve (less) SUSY
- much simpler (analytic) solutions
- flavor symmetry :  $U(1)^{N_f}$

# Unquenching ABJM with smeared flavor

Conde & Ramallo 1105.6045

Write the  $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^3$  & the RR 2-form as

$$ds_{\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^3}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \left[ ds_{\mathbb{S}^4}^2 + (dx^i + \epsilon^{ijk} A^j x^k)^2 \right]$$

$\mathbb{S}^2$ -bundle over  $\mathbb{S}^4$  with  $A^i \rightarrow SU(2)$  instanton on  $\mathbb{S}^4$

$\mathcal{S}^i \rightarrow$  (rotated) basis of one-forms along  $\mathbb{S}^4$   
 $E^i \rightarrow$  one-forms along the  $\mathbb{S}^2$  fiber

$$F_2 = \frac{k}{2} \left( E^1 \wedge E^2 - (\mathcal{S}^4 \wedge \mathcal{S}^3 + \mathcal{S}^1 \wedge \mathcal{S}^2) \right)$$

Squash the metric & the RR 2-form as

$$ds^2 = L^2 ds_{AdS_4}^2 + ds_6^2$$

$$ds_6^2 = \frac{L^2}{b^2} \left[ q ds_{\mathbb{S}^4}^2 + (dx^i + \epsilon^{ijk} A^j x^k)^2 \right]$$

Deformation  
parameter

$$\eta \equiv 1 + \frac{3N_f}{4k}$$

$q \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^3$  internal squashing

$b \rightarrow$  relative  $AdS_4/\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}^3$  squashing

$$F_2 = \frac{k}{2} \left[ E^1 \wedge E^2 - \eta (\mathcal{S}^4 \wedge \mathcal{S}^3 + \mathcal{S}^1 \wedge \mathcal{S}^2) \right]$$

# Dilaton & RR 4-form

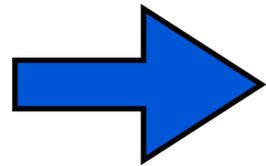
$$e^{-\phi} = \frac{b}{4} \frac{\eta + q}{2 - q} \frac{k}{L}$$

$$F_4 = \frac{3kb}{4} \frac{\eta + q}{2 - q} L^2 \Omega_{AdS_4}$$

Regime of validity

$$L \gg 1, \quad e^{\phi} \ll 1$$

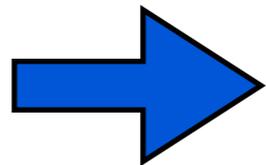
$$\frac{N_f}{k} \sim 1$$



$$N^{\frac{1}{5}} \ll k \ll N$$

(same as in the unflavored case)

$$N_f \gg k$$



$$N^{\frac{1}{5}} \ll N_f \ll N$$

# Flavored ABJM black hole

$$ds^2 = L^2 ds_{BH_4}^2 + ds_6^2$$

$$ds_{BH_4}^2 = -r^2 h(r) dt^2 + \frac{dr^2}{r^2 h(r)} + r^2 [(dx^1)^2 + (dx^2)^2] \quad h(r) = 1 - \frac{r_h^3}{r^3}$$

Temperature

$$T = \frac{3 r_h}{4\pi}$$

Free energy & entropy

$$F_{back} = -\frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)^2 \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{2\lambda}} \xi \left(\frac{N_f}{k}\right) T^3$$

$$S_{back} = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{4\pi}{3}\right)^2 \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{2\lambda}} \xi \left(\frac{N_f}{k}\right) T^2$$

reflection of the conformality

# Massive flavor to the Flavored black hole

D6 extends in  $x^\mu$ ,  $r$  &  $\mathbb{RP}^3$   $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -2 \text{ directions inside } \mathbb{S}^4 \\ -1 \text{ direction inside } \mathbb{S}^2 \end{array} \right.$



Write the  $\mathbb{S}^2$  metric as  $ds^2 = d\theta^2 + \sin^2 \theta d\varphi^2$

D6 extends in  $\varphi$  with a profile in  $\theta(r)$



Introduce new Cartesian-like coordinates

$$\begin{aligned} \rho &= r^b \sin \theta \\ R &= r^b \cos \theta \end{aligned}$$

Total action =  $DBI + WZ$   $\rightarrow$   $S_{WZ} = T_{D6} \int \hat{C}_7$

$C_7 = e^{-\phi} \mathcal{K}$  has to be improved to get consistent thermo

$$\delta C_7 = \frac{L^7 q}{b^3} e^{-\phi} d^3 x \wedge \left[ L_1(\theta) d\theta + L_2(r) dr \right] \wedge \Xi_3 \quad d(\delta C_7) = 0$$

Requiring the angular part of  $\hat{\mathcal{C}}_7$  to vanish at the horizon

$$L_1(\theta) = -\frac{r_h^3}{b} \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

Jensen  
1006.3066

**Total action**

$$S = -\mathcal{N}_r \int d^3x dr r^2 \sin \theta \left[ \sqrt{1 + \frac{r^2 h(r)}{b^2}} \dot{\theta}^2 - \sin \theta - \frac{r h(r)}{b} \cos \theta \dot{\theta} \right] + \mathcal{N}_r r_h^3 \int d^3x \Delta_0$$

$$\int dr L_2(r) \equiv r_h^3 \Delta_0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Delta_0 \text{ does not depend on the embedding} \Rightarrow \text{zero point energy} \\ \mathcal{N}_r \left( \frac{N_f}{k} \right) \Rightarrow \text{flavor determines the size of the cycle} \end{array} \right.$$

$\left. \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{\theta}} \right|_{r=r_h} = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{no momentum flow through the horizon} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \text{Horizon is not a dynamical surface}$

**Free energy density**  $\Rightarrow F = -\frac{S}{\int d^3x}$

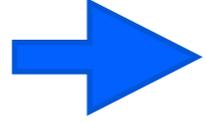
# Decoupling of quarks with infinite mass

$$\lim_{m \rightarrow \infty} F = \left( \frac{1}{4b} - \Delta_0 \right) r_h^3 \mathcal{N}_r = 0$$

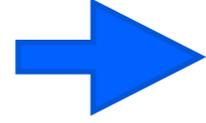


$$\Delta_0 = \frac{1}{4b}$$

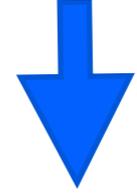
**Non-trivial test**



massless flavors



background and probe flavors are of the same type

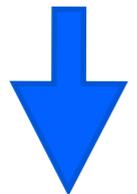


expand the flavor function  $\xi(N_f)$  as

$$\Delta F_{back} = - \left( \frac{4\pi}{3} \right)^2 \frac{N^2}{9\sqrt{2\lambda}} \frac{1}{k} \xi' \left( \frac{N_f}{k} \right) T^3$$

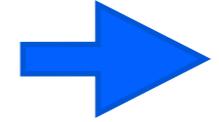


$$\xi \left( \frac{N_f + 1}{k} \right) = \xi \left( \frac{N_f}{k} \right) + \xi' \left( \frac{N_f}{k} \right) \frac{1}{k} + \dots$$



equating

$$\Delta F_{back} = F(m = 0)$$



$$\xi' = \frac{3}{4b} \zeta$$

**highly non-trivial match!!!**

**Entropy:** as the probe falls through the horizon it increases the area by 1 unit

$$s_{total} \stackrel{m \rightarrow 0}{\approx} \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{4\pi}{3} \right)^2 \frac{N^2}{\sqrt{2\lambda}} \xi \left( \frac{N_f + 1}{k} \right) T^2$$

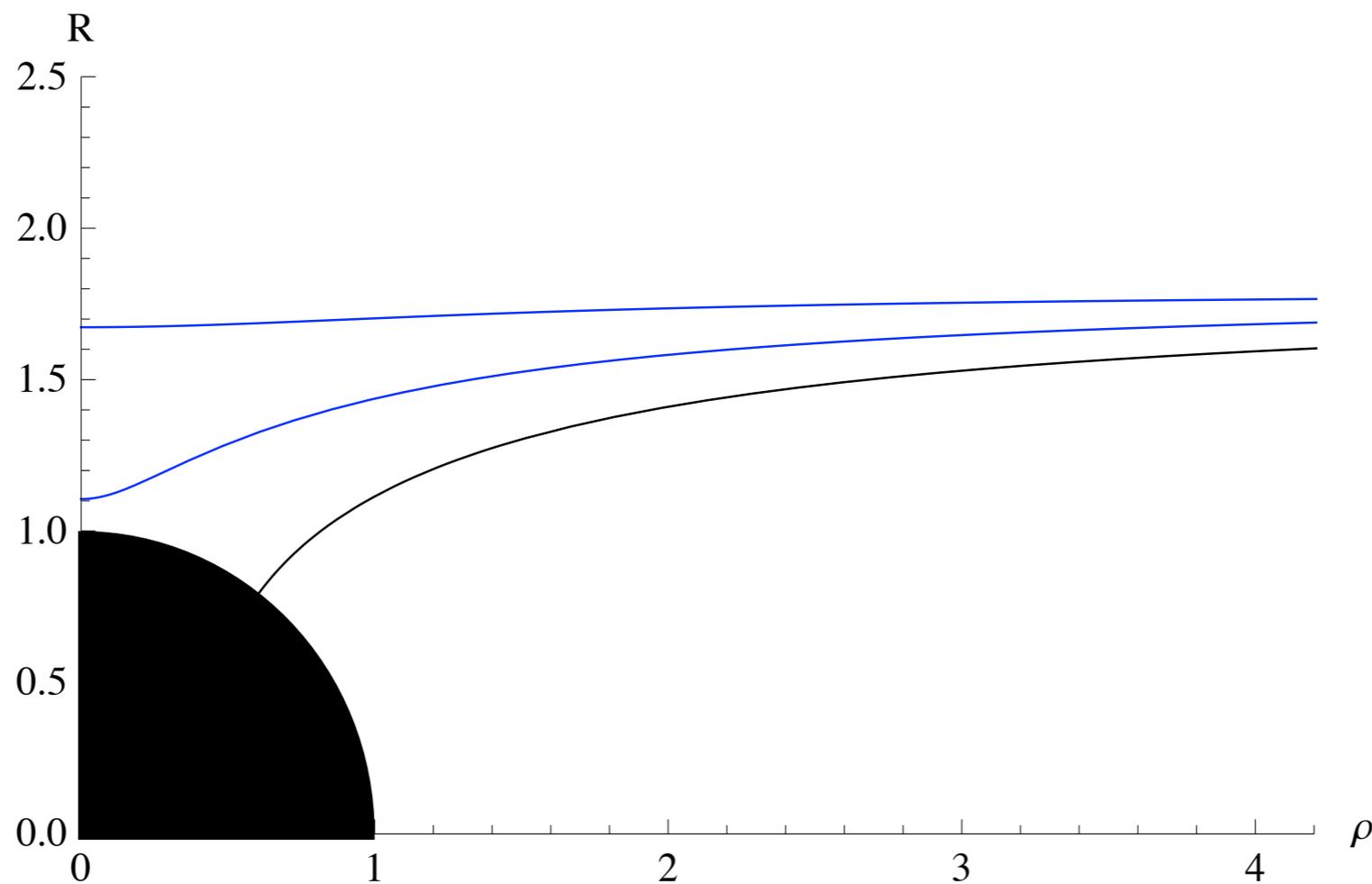
# Different embeddings

Minkowski: smoothly close above the horizon

Black hole: end at the horizon

Critical: between MN & BH

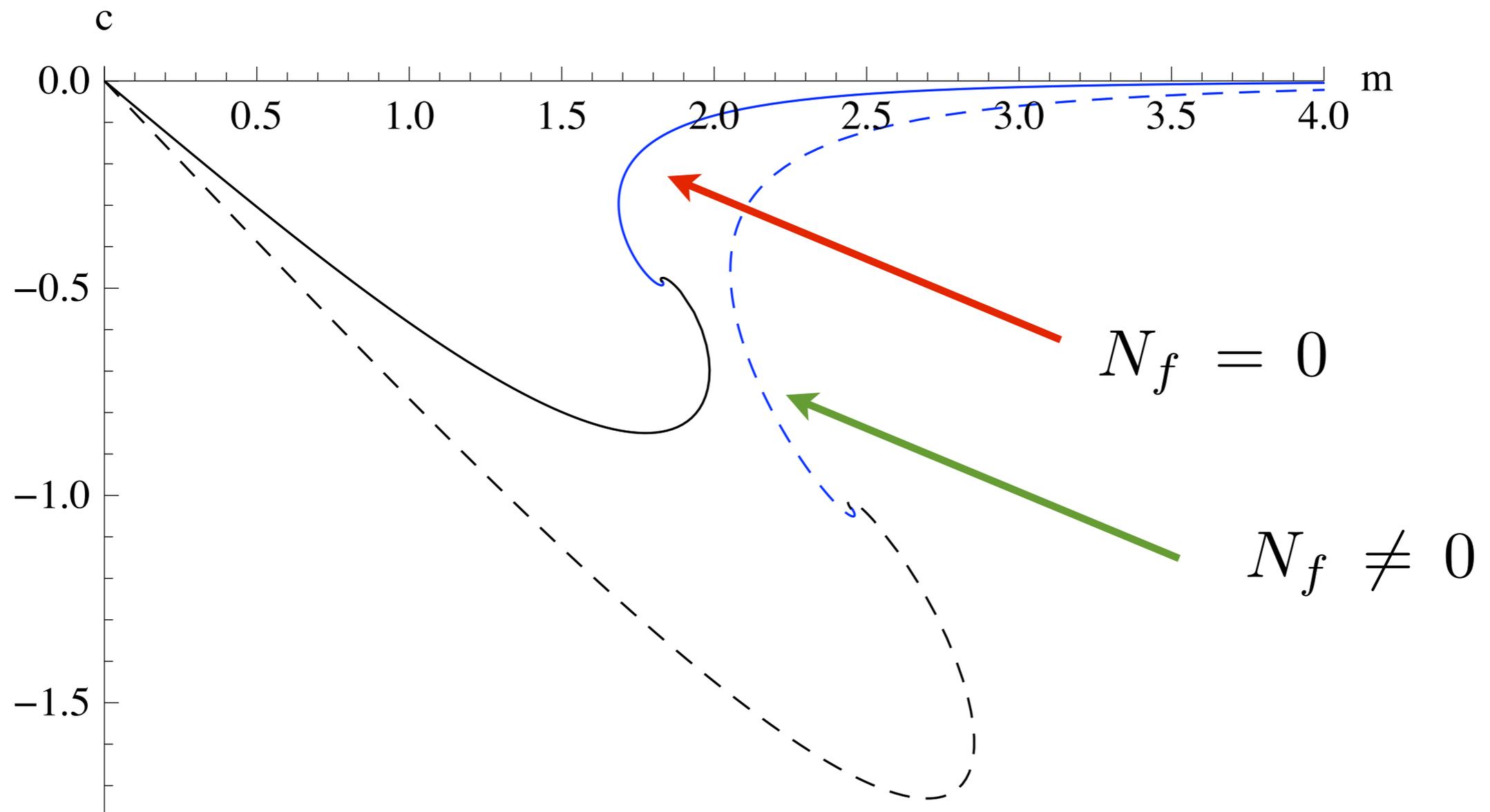
Asymptotically  $\longrightarrow R \sim m + \frac{c}{\rho^{\frac{3}{b}-2}}$



# Holographic Dictionary

$$m_q = \frac{2^{\frac{1}{3}} \pi}{3} \sqrt{2\lambda} \sigma T m^{\frac{1}{b}}$$

$$\langle \mathcal{O}_m \rangle = -\frac{2^{\frac{2}{3}} \pi}{9} \frac{(3-2b)b}{q} \sigma N T^2 c$$



# Free energy

$$\frac{F}{\mathcal{N}} = \mathcal{G}(m) - 1$$



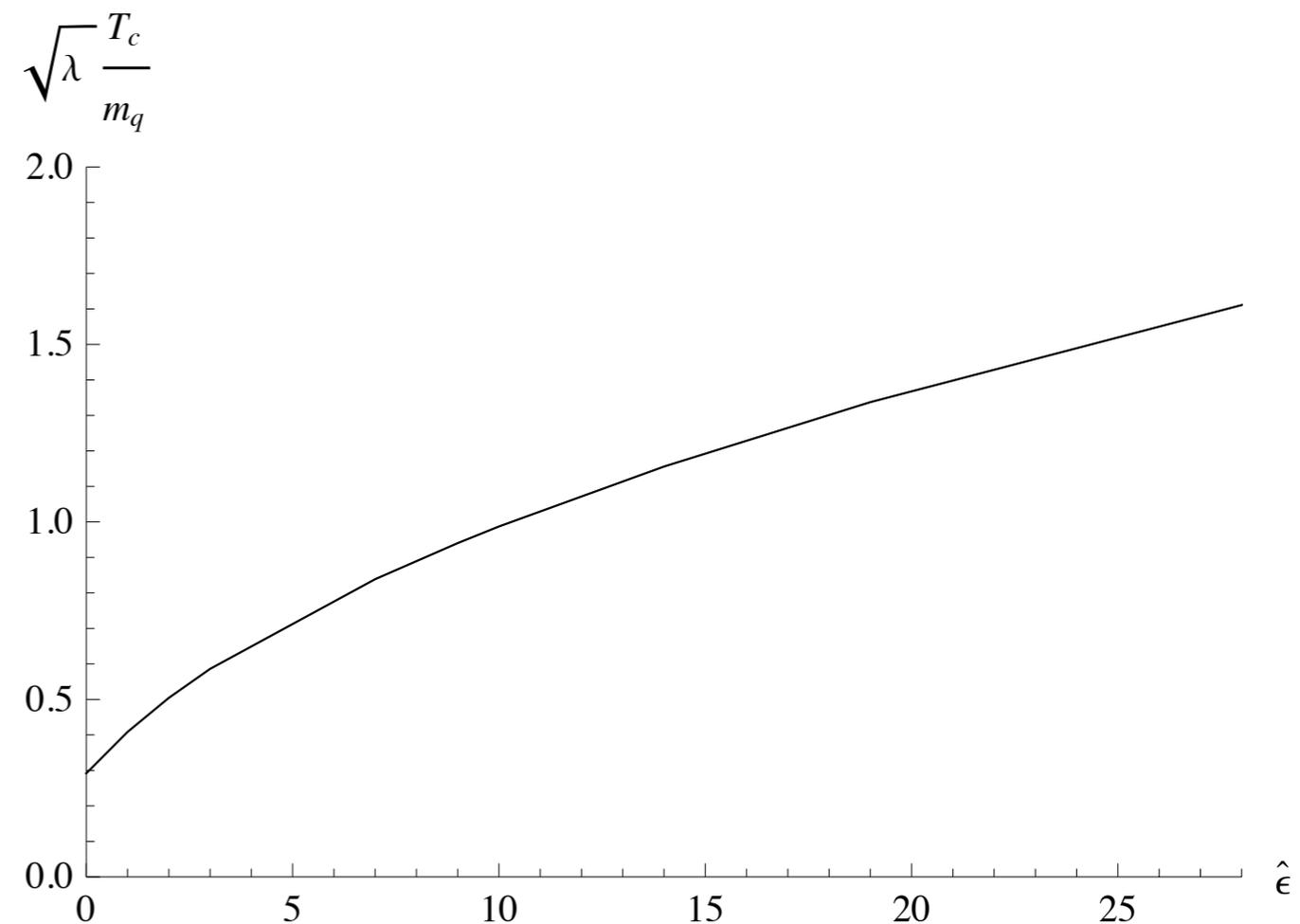
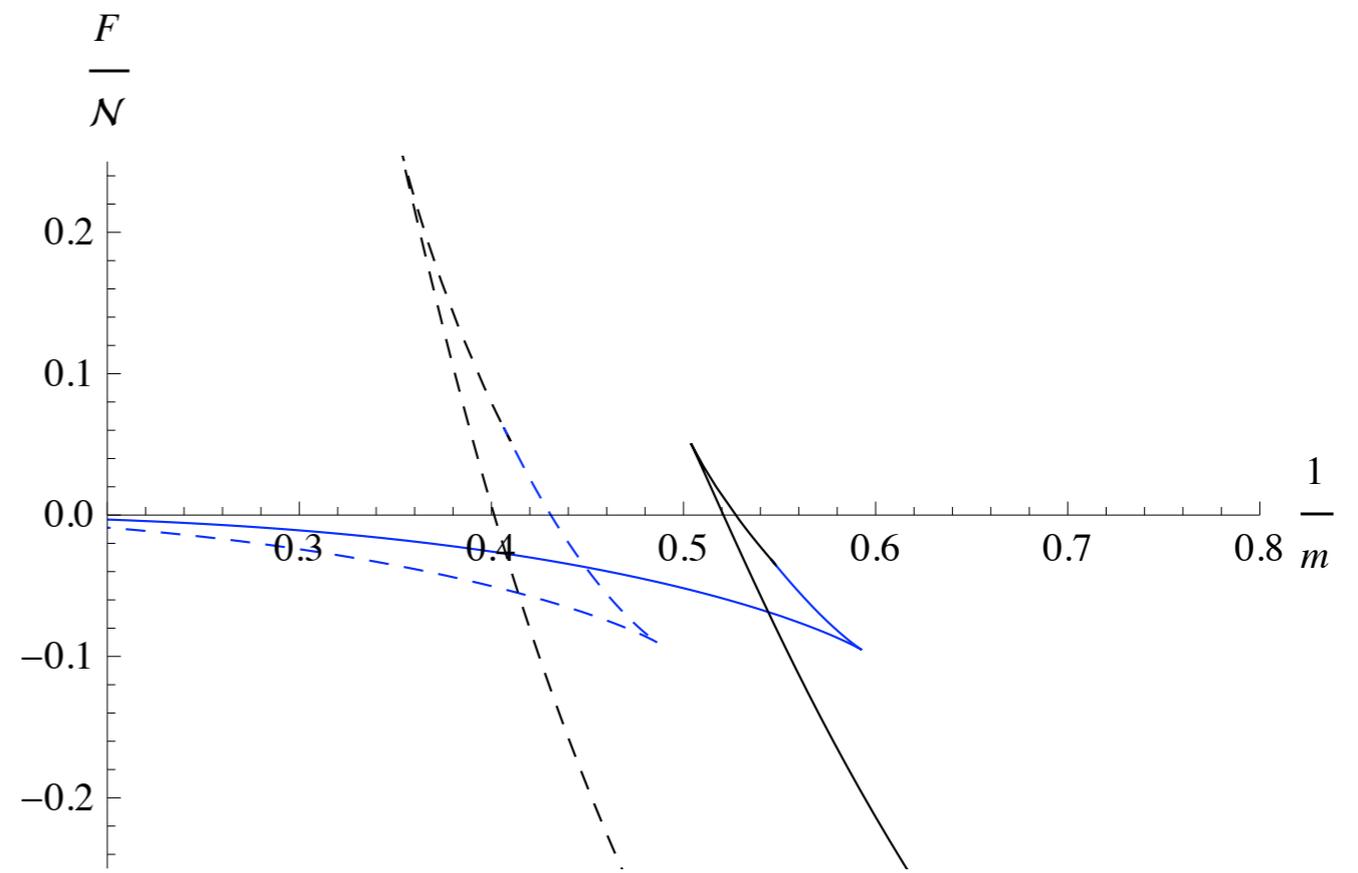
an integral of the action  
over the embedding

$$\frac{F}{\mathcal{N}} \approx -\frac{2b}{3+2b} \left(\frac{T}{\bar{M}}\right)^3$$

$$\frac{F}{\mathcal{N}} \approx -1 + \frac{3}{b} \left[ \frac{\Gamma(1 - \frac{b}{3})}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{b}{3})} \right]^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi b}{3}\right) \left(\frac{\bar{M}}{T}\right)^{2b}$$

First order PT between a gapped &  
a gapless phase. Critical  
temperature increases with flavor

$$\sqrt{\lambda} \frac{T_c}{m_q} \stackrel{N_f \gg 1}{\propto} \sqrt{N_f}$$

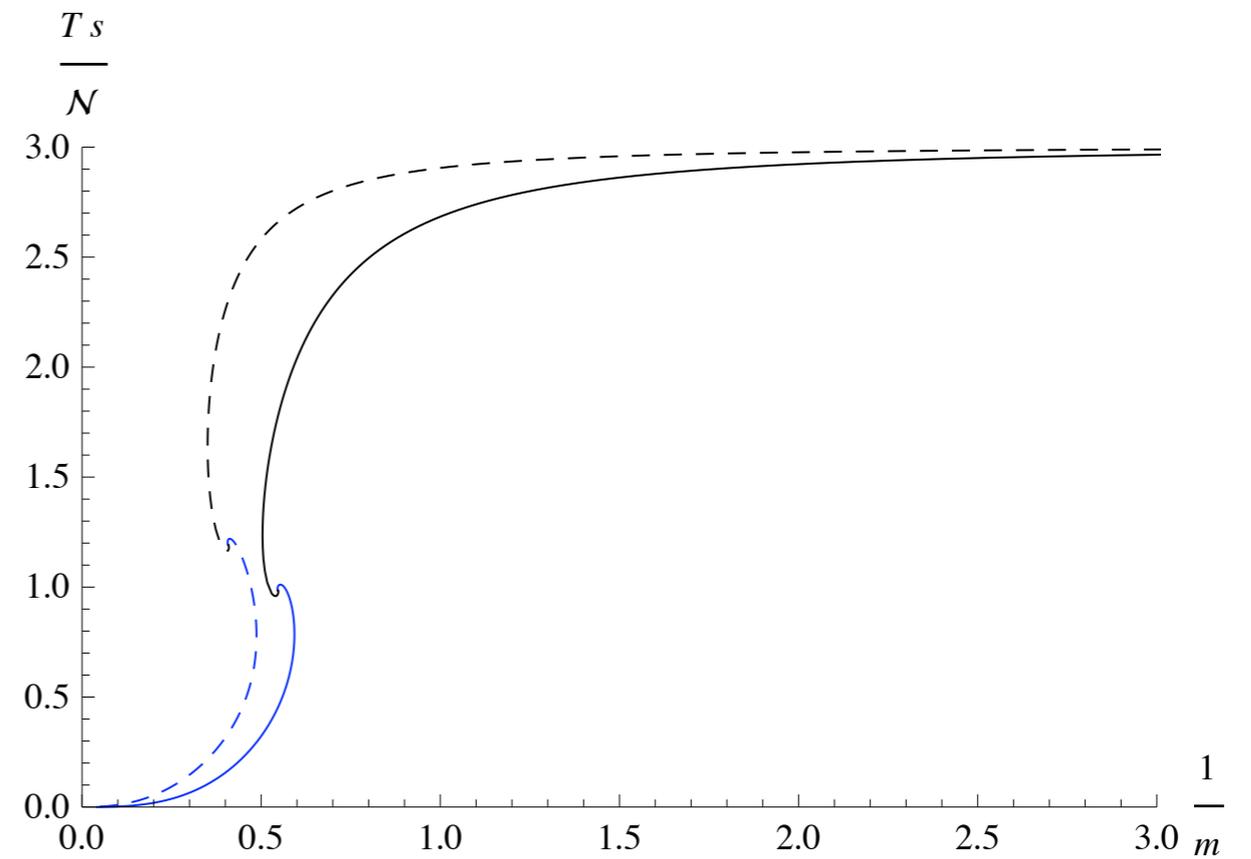


# Entropy

$$T \frac{s}{\mathcal{N}} = -3 \mathcal{G}(m) + 3 - (3 - 2b) c m$$

$$T \frac{s}{\mathcal{N}} \approx \frac{12b}{2b + 3} \left( \frac{T}{\bar{M}} \right)^3$$

$$T \frac{s}{\mathcal{N}} \approx 3 - \frac{3(3 - 2b)}{b} \left[ \frac{\Gamma(1 - \frac{b}{3})}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{b}{3})} \right]^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi b}{3}\right) \left( \frac{\bar{M}}{T} \right)^{2b}.$$

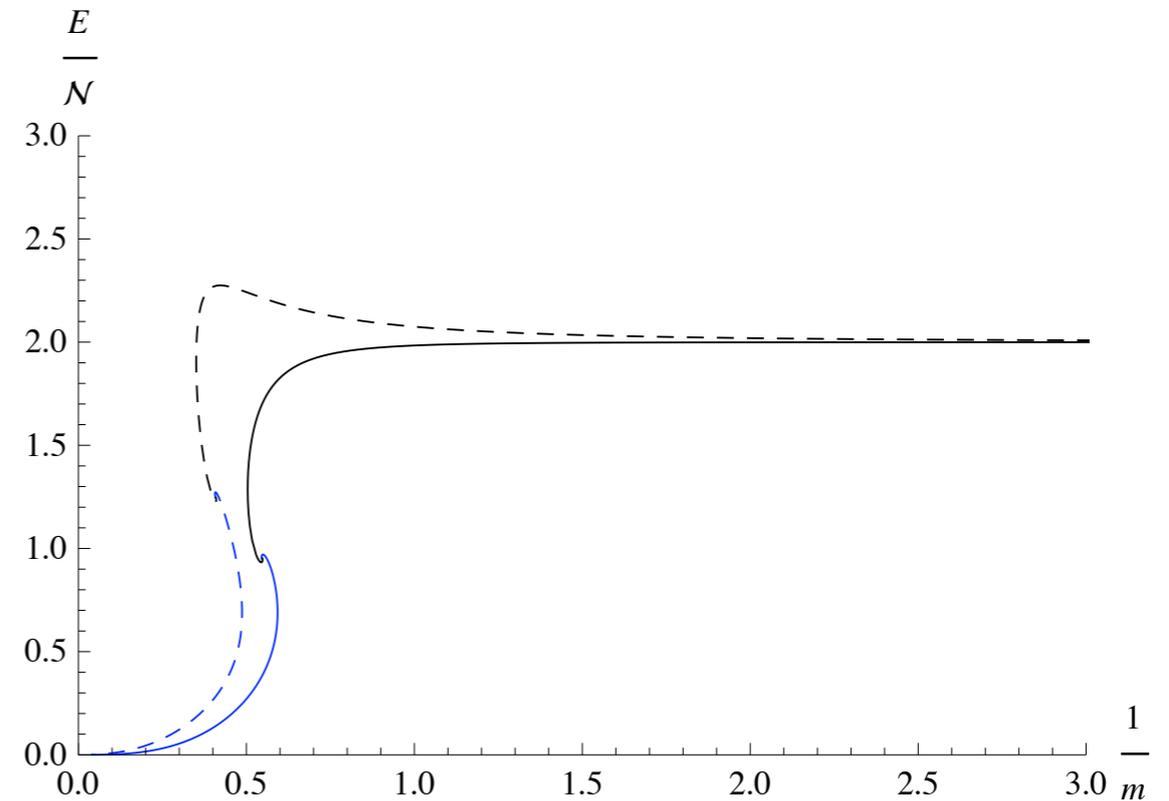


# Internal energy

$$\frac{E}{\mathcal{N}} = -2 \mathcal{G}(m) + 2 - (3 - 2b) c m$$

$$\frac{E}{\mathcal{N}} \approx \frac{10b}{2b + 3} \left( \frac{T}{\bar{M}} \right)^3$$

$$\frac{E}{\mathcal{N}} \approx 2 + \frac{6(b - 1)}{b} \left[ \frac{\Gamma(1 - \frac{b}{3})}{\Gamma(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{b}{3})} \right]^2 \tan\left(\frac{\pi b}{3}\right) \left( \frac{\bar{M}}{T} \right)^{2b}$$

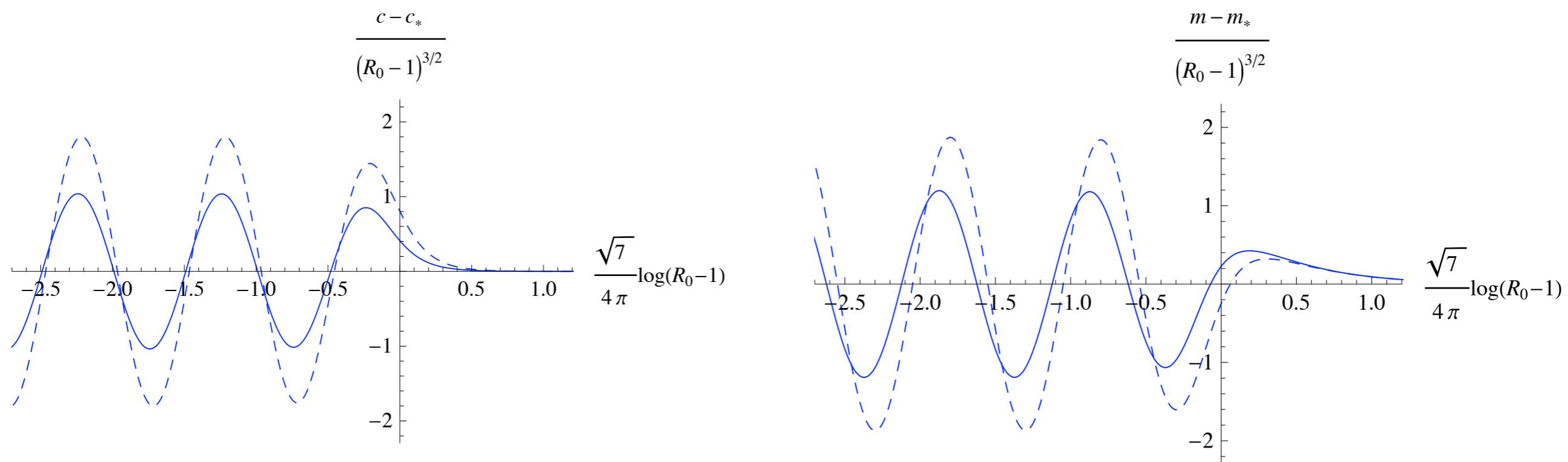


**No numerical derivatives to compute those quantities!!!**

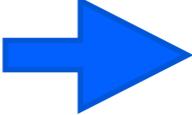
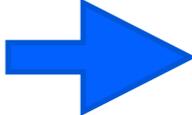
# Near the transition - critical embeddings

Zooming in the spiral with a logarithmic microscope we see a self similar behavior

$c$  &  $m$  oscillate



# Future directions

- Meson spectrum  meson melting transition
- Addition of more gauge fields
- charge density & magnetic field  Condensed Matter  
Physics